

**MOSCOW STATE INSTITUTE OF INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS
(MGIMO-UNIVERSITY),
THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF RUSSIA**

**B.A. in Government and International Affairs
School of Government and International Affairs**

Department of Demography and Migration Policy

«Approved»

Director of School of Government and International Affairs

Mikhail Troitskiy

«__»_____ 2018

International Migration

The course program developed by S. Ryazantsev, M. Apanovich, 2018

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The course “International Migration” is elaborated in accordance with the MGIMO Educational Standard for the Bachelor’s Program in International Affairs.

Authors _____ Maria Yu. Apanovich

Director of the MGIMO library _____ Marina V. Reshetnikova

The program is approved by Department of Demography and Migration Policy on

Head of Department _____ Prof. Sergei V. Ryazantsev

PART 1: INSTRUCTOR INFORMATION, COURSE DESCRIPTION AND TEACHING METHODS

1.1 General information

Template

- Full course title: International Migration
- Type of course: [Elective]
- Level of course B.A.
- Year of study: 2nd
- Number of ECTS credits allocated: 3
- Name of lecturer(s) and office hours:
 Dr. Maria Apanovich, PhD
 Department of Demographic and Migration Policy
 Office hours: [Tuesday 10 AM-11AM], office [1010]
 E-mail: m.apanovich@my.mgimo.ru

1.2 Course aims and learning outcomes

The aim of the course is to provide students with foundational knowledge and sound understanding of what is migration, what classifications of migration exist and what are recent trends in the field, to introduce students to theories and challenges of Migration, to orient students to proceed with field research on the basis of received knowledge. This course examines international migration from both theoretical and empirical perspectives to provide students with an understanding of the factors behind current trends in international population movements and their impacts on the migrants themselves and the countries of origin and destination.

The course pursues the following **objectives**:

1. To introduce the theoretical approaches to research in the field of migration.
2. To introduce current trends in international migration.
3. To demonstrate historical developments of the migrations in different regions.
4. To orient students to the more detailed research of the issue.
5. To explore the potential of the international migration.

Learning outcomes:

By the end of this course students should be able to:

- Demonstrate an understanding of the issues related to current trends and patterns in international population movements in different countries and regions;
- Discuss the policy implications of international migration trends and patterns and critique policy recommendations based on the theoretical and empirical perspectives on international migration examined in the course.

1.1 Course requirements and grading plan

Course requirements

Students will be required to attend not less than 90% of classes and be prepared for class discussions, pass in-class tests. Conscientious reading of the assigned materials is compulsory.

Grading plan

- Class participation.
Students are expected to attend all the lectures, seminars and participate in class discussions; since the course is highly interactive, it is essential that students attend the seminars having read the materials for that day's class. Those classes that are missed are to be proved by the certain documents (with official excuse).
- In-class tests (written).
During the course each student is expected to write two in-class test on the topics of the class. The grades for the tests will be included in 1st and 2nd Rating grades.
- In-class activity.
Such as participation in class discussion and presentation on one of the topics of the program. This type of activity is included in the grade for 3rd Rating.
- Oral test (in class, during zacet time) – in case during semester student receives less than 70% for class work total.

Final Mark on ZACHET depends on 3 ratings during the semester

1 st Rating	2 nd Rating	3 rd Rating
R1	R2	R3

Final Grade = (R1+R2+R3)/3

If FG > 70, you receive "PASS" grade automatically

PART 2. COURSE CONTENT

2.1 Types of work

Types of work	Academic hours
Total	108
<i>Total for lectures, seminars</i>	32
Lectures	16
Seminars	16
Written tests and/or exam	
<i>Homework</i>	76
Written and oral home assignments	36
Preparation for lectures, seminars and written exam	40

2.2. Course content and readings by topic

Topic	Academic hours taken			
	Lectures	Seminars	Homework	Total
1. Theories and Classification of the Migration Flows	2	2	12	16
2. Statistics. How do we count international migration.	2	2	10	14
3. History of the World Migration Flows	2	2	10	14
4. Contemporary International Migration Flows. Migration and Globalization.	2	2	10	14
5. International Migration: Regional Aspects. Influence on the Social and Economics of the Host Countries	4	4	14	22
6. Migration and Diaspora	2	2	10	14
7. Instruments and Mechanisms how the regulate Migration	2	2	10	14
Total	16	16	76	108

Topic 1. Theories and classification of the Migration flows.

Concept "migration" of narrow and broad understanding. Classification of migration processes. Migration laws (rules) of E. Ravenstein. Classification of migration in modern science. Types of Migration.

Classification of migration on the basis of geographical sign. Classification of migration by structural signs (age, sex, ethnic list, education, qualification of migrants). Classification of migration by time of stay of the migrant in the new residence or applications of effort. Classification of migration by the purposes. Classification of migration by legality degree. Classification of migration by the reasons.

Neoclassical theory of economic motives of population shift. Migration as a source of redistribution of factors of production between the countries (the theory of "function of usefulness"). Concept of influence of an economic environment on B. Thomas's migration. Concept of three-staging of the migration movement of T.I. Zaslavskaya and L.L. Rybakovsky. Migration process stages: making decision on migration, territorial movement, survival of migrants on the new residence.

The list of questions for discussion:

1. A migration role in social and economic and demographic development of society.
2. Theory of three stages of migration.
3. Migration classifications.
4. Migration typology.

Topic 2. Statistics. How do we count international migration.

Sources of data on the international migration: border control, population censuses, registers of the population, selective inspections. The concepts which are the cornerstone of statistics of the international migration. Systems of collection of data on all categories of the international migrants. Systems of collection of data on labor migration. The systems of collection of data on the compelled migration. Measurement of money transfers. Problem of account and comparison of statistical data on migration worldwide. Experience of collecting and analysis of statistics on migration in the international organizations.

Population shift indicators. Amount of migration absolute and relative. Arrivals and leavings of migrants. Net migration, net - migration or balance of migration. Gross migration or gross - migration. Characteristics of migration flows on the basis of demographic, social, professional, gender and age indicators. Migration flows and cohorts.

The list of questions for discussion:

1. Features and principles of the current accounting of population shift.
2. Accounting of migration in a population census.
3. Special selective inspections of migrants.
4. Absolute measures of migration.
5. Relative indicators of migration.

Topic 3. History of the World Migration Flows

History of the international population shifts. The most ancient resettlements of the people in Africa, Asia and Europe.

Migration during an era of the ancient world. Migration in the Middle Ages. Ethnic migrations during an era of Great geographical discoveries. Discovery of

America and migration in the Western hemisphere in the 15-16th centuries from Europe and Africa. Portuguese migration. Spanish colonization. English migration. Dutch migration. French migration. Slave trade as deportation form. Religious and ethnic deportations. Migration of modern and latest times. Internal migrations in Europe, the USA, Russia. Emigration from Europe in the first half of XIX - the beginning of the 20th centuries. Migrations during the period and after World War I. Deportations and violent migrations. Migration in the years of World War II. Scales and forms of migrations. Civil wars and migration. Migrations after World War II. Post-war changes of borders and migration. Emigration from Europe to America, Australia, Africa.

The list of questions for discussion:

1. Resettlements in primitive society.
2. Migration in the ancient world.
3. "Great resettlement of the people".
4. Migration after discovery of America.
5. Migrations after World War I.
6. Migration in time and after World War II.
7. Migrations in XVI-the 19th centuries.
8. Migrations in Russia in the middle of XIX-the beginning of the 20th century.
9. Migrations after the October revolution of 1917 and during World War II.
10. Migrations in the USSR after World War II till 1990th.
11. Emigration from Russia till 1917.
12. Emigration waves from the USSR.

Topic 4. Contemporary International Migration Flows. Migration and Globalization.

Factors and reasons of migration. Socio-economic factors of migration. The role of cheap labor on world and national labor markets. Dependence of branches of economy and countries on foreign workers. Demographic factor of migration. The difference of demographic capacity of the developing and developed countries. Volumes and dynamics of the international migration during a globalization era. Main directions of the international migration. A role of labor migration in migration flows. Main directions of labor migration. Migration from developing countries to economically developed countries, migration the North-South, migration the East – the West, migration from the CIS countries to Europe and the USA. Ratio of a legal and illegal component in migration. Illegal migration: scales, geography and social and economic consequences. Migration and crime. Drug traffic and migrants. Traffic of migrants. Channels, ways and infrastructure of illegal migration in the world. A problem of suppression of illegal migration in the countries of the world.

The list of questions for discussion:

1. Migration factors in the conditions of globalization.
2. The compelled migration.
3. Undocumented and illegal migration.

4. Economic and labor migration.
5. Crisis of refugees.

Topic 5. International Migration: Regional Aspects. Influence on the Social and Economics of the Host Countries

The international migration in Europe. The labor, compelled and illegal migration in Europe. The main countries of origin and reception of migrants on the continent. Features of resettlement of migrants, ethnic and social composition. Migration contribution to formation of the population of the countries of Europe. Migration and future of Europe: positive and negative aspects. Migration within the EU. Migration in the certain European countries.

Features of the international migration in Asia: main countries of outflow and inflow of migrants; in North America: The USA as the center of gravity of migration flows on the continent, migration to Canada; in South America; in Africa. The main reasons for modern international migration in Russia.

The list of questions for discussion:

1. The factors defining modern migrations.
2. Labor migration from developing countries to the developed states.
3. Immigration in Europe and its consequences.
4. Immigration in the USA: tendencies and consequences.
5. Immigration in Canada, Australia and New Zealand
6. Tendencies emigration from Latin America.
7. Migration flows in Asia: the giving and host countries.
8. Migration tendencies in the CIS.

Topic 6. Migration and Diaspora

Differentiation of the concepts "survival", "adaptation", "integration" of migrants. Ways of integration of migrants in the new places of residence. Assimilation and mutual coexistence of cultures: experience of various countries of the world. Naturalization of migrants. Indicators (indicators) of process of integration of migrants. The factors stimulating and complicating integration of migrants. Problems of integration of immigrants: marginalization, localization and isolation of ethnic cultures of migrants. Diaspora as a form of existence of migrants outside the homeland. Networks of formal and informal communications, relations and structures. Diasporas and lobbyism. Ethnic structure of migration flows and the largest diasporas worldwide. Influence of migration on ethnic structure of the population of the countries and regions. Areas of compact accommodation of ethnic migrants. International relations. The conflicts between migrants and local population in host countries. Reasons and types of emergence of the international conflicts. Approaches to regulation of the conflicts.

The list of questions for discussion:

1. Definition of diaspora.
2. The largest world diasporas.

3. The largest diasporas in Russia and their migratory a component.
4. A migration role in formation of diasporas.
5. Diasporas and ethnic lobbyism.

Topic 7. Instruments and Mechanisms how the regulate Migration

History of emergence of passport systems. Types of passports. New types of passports (electronic passports). Types of visas. Single and multi-visa. Exit, entrance and transit visas. Features of visa and visa-free entrance. Schengen agreement. Schengen visa. Order of receiving and use of the visa. Visa and visa-free regime of Russia with various countries. Nationality and citizenship. Nationality as natural state of individuals. The right of blood and the right of the earth when providing nationality. Problem of deprivation of nationality. Dual citizenship. The status of constantly living migrants in the countries of Europe. Possibilities of receiving a look on residence and nationality in various countries of Europe. Procedure of naturalization. Temporary migrants. Immigrants with not settled status. Illegal migrants.

The list of questions for discussion:

1. Statuses of migrants.
2. Procedures of receiving a look on residence and nationality in various countries.
3. Visa regime. Types of visas.
4. Visa-free regime.
5. Features of obtaining visas to Russia.

2.3. Check if you are ready for zachot.

1. Main types of migration.
2. The leading theoretical schools and approaches in researches of migration processes.
3. The most noticeable stages of development of the international migrations.
4. A globalization role in an intensification and complication of migration flows.
5. The main tendencies and routes of the international migrations at the present stage.
6. Diasporas and their role in strengthening of ethnopolitical conflictness in the European Union countries.
7. Instruments of control over the international migration.
8. Russian experience and Russian institutional legal mechanism of regulation of migration.
9. The main options of regulation of migration practiced in foreign countries.

2.4. Zachot Questions

1. Concept of migration and migration processes. Types of migration.
2. Classification of migration processes.
3. Theories of the migration movement.

4. Concept of three-staging of the migration movement.
5. Population shift indicators.
6. Sources of data on the international migration.
7. Features of accounting of migration in Russia.
8. Migration in the ancient world.
9. Migration in the Middle Ages.
10. Migrations during an era of Great geographical discoveries.
11. Migration during modern and latest times.
12. Migration during the period and after World War I.
13. Migration in the years of World War II.
14. Migration after World War II.
15. Factors and reasons of modern migration on a global scale.
16. The directions and structure of migration flows in the modern world.
17. Labor migration in the world and Russia.
18. Educational migration in the world and Russia.
19. The compelled migration in the world and Russia.
20. Illegal migration in the world and Russia.
21. Migration processes in Europe.
22. Migration processes in Asia.
23. Migration processes in North America.
24. Migration processes in Latin America.
25. Migration processes in Africa.
26. Migration processes in Australia and Oceania.
27. Migration processes in the CIS.
28. Emigration from Russia.
29. Immigration to Russia.
30. In-Russian population shift.
31. Influence of migration on labor market.
32. Influence of migration on demographic development.
33. Survival, adaptation and models integration of migrants.
34. Problems of integration of migrants in foreign countries and Russia.
35. Migration and formation of diasporas.
36. Passports and passport systems.
37. Visas and visa regime.
38. Statuses of immigrants and procedure of obtaining nationality.
39. Migration policy in foreign countries.
40. Migration policy of Russia.
41. Regulation of migration in foreign countries.
42. Regulation of labor migration in Russia.

2.5. Zachot/Exam timing

- Fall semester tests – last week of December; exams January 10-25
- Spring semester tests – last week of May; exams June 1-25

2.6. Consolidated reading list (in alphabetic order)

Obligatory readings:

1. **Class READER readings (check in the class folder online)**
2. **Migration and mobility in the European Union** / Christina Boswell and Andrew Geddes. - Basingstoke: Palgrave Macmillan, 2011. - XIV, 272 p. - (The European Union series). - ISBN 978-0-230-00748-2
3. **Migration in Russia. 2000-2013** / [ed. I. Timofeev et al.; Russian intern. affairs council]. - Moscow: Spetkniga, 2013. - 320 p. - ISBN 978-5-91891-321-5
3. **Migrations: Jean Monnet Seminar 2016**: [Tunis, Tunisia, 22-23 February 2016] / European Commission. - Luxembourg: European Union, 2017. - 151 p. - ISBN 978-92-79-62033-1 <https://publications.europa.eu/en/publication-detail/-/publication/fdfb87ec-0e03-11e7-8a35-01aa75ed71a1/language-en>

Additional readings:

1. **Migration: Changing the World** Arnold, Guy London: Pluto Press. 2012 275 p. eBook Academic Collection (EBSCOhost)
2. **Migration: Practices, Challenges and Impact** Huynh, Truong Huy [Hauppauge, N.Y.]: Nova Science Publishers. 2013 165 p. eBook Academic Collection (EBSCOhost)
3. **Migration History in World History: Multidisciplinary Approaches** Manning, Patrick Lucassen, Leo Lucassen, Jan Studies in Global Social History v 3 Leiden: Brill NV. 2010 289 p. eBook Academic Collection (EBSCOhost)

Internet sources:

1. **International Migration** Edited By: Dr. Howard Duncan ISI Journal Citation Reports Online ISSN: 1468-2435 access: [http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1111/\(ISSN\)1468-2435](http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1111/(ISSN)1468-2435)
2. **OECD International Migration Outlook** (yearly) access: <http://www.oecd-ilibrary.org/>
3. **Eurostat** <http://ec.europa.eu/>
4. **Migration Policy Institute** <http://www.migrationpolicy.org/regions/europe>
5. **The UN Refugee Agency** <http://www.unhcr.org>

PART 3. FINAL REMARKS

- Plagiarism is considered as a severe violation and as an indication of incompetence in the course. Plagiarism is understood as making of one's text using compilation method for other people's publications, even connected with own phrases and sentences. Collective performance of individual tasks is also unacceptable. Proved plagiarism an F-mark is given regardless of the fulfillment of all other requirements.

- Class attendance and class participation in individual and group work is an obligatory component of the grade.
- Absence in class is to be justified by the official notice from the administration of the department.
- Students are to be precise in terms of the timing for the class, arriving to class 15 min after the start of the class results in the excuse notice from the administration of the department that allows student to follow this class.